

Account Managers Group

September 26, 2019



Welcome!!!







Taxability of Employer Provided Clothing/Fraud

> by Kathy Rice



General Rules for Employer-Provided Clothing



- The value of work clothing provided by the employer is **not taxable** to the employee if:
- The employee must wear the clothes as a condition of employment;
- Example Custodial Uniforms.
- The clothes are not suitable for everyday wear (or not available for general or personal wear);
- The clothing would qualify for a business expense deduction (under Code Section 162) if the employee paid for them.
- To be excluded from the employee's income, the clothing must be specifically required by the employer. It is not enough that the clothing is distinctive, nor is it enough that employees do not wear the work clothes away from work. <u>The clothing must</u> <u>not be *suitable* for taking the place of regular clothing.</u>

De Minimis (Minimal) Benefits



- A de minimis benefit is any property or service provided to an employee that has so little value that accounting for it would be unreasonable or administratively impracticable.
- In determining whether a benefit is de minimis, one should always consider its frequency and its value. An essential element of a de minimis benefit is that it is *occasional or unusual* in frequency. It also must not be a form of disguised compensation.
- In addition, if a benefit is too large to be considered de minimis, the entire value of the benefit is taxable to the employee, not just the excess over a designated de minimis amount. The IRS has ruled previously that items with a value exceeding \$100 could not be considered de minimis, even under unusual circumstances.

Please note:

Cash and cash equivalent fringe benefits (for example, gift certificates, gift cards, and the use of a charge card or credit card), no matter the amount, are never excludable as a de minimis benefit.



October 8th – 9:00 AM October 8th – 2:00 PM

October 10th – 9:00 AM October 19th – 10:30 AM

Employee Training Followed By Approver Training Non Approvers Can Leave After First Half Total Training Last About 1 Hour Combined



- The Payroll Department has recently been contacted with an unusual amount of direct deposit fraud attempts.
- In order to prevent such fraud the Payroll Department will not accept a Direct Deposit Information Change via email or fax without contracting the employee by using contact information we currently have on file. We will also not accept information given over the phone.
- If you are on campus, it is best if you stop by the Payroll Office to make a change in person.



Questions?



Pivot Table Basics

by Mark McClendon





Power BI

by Cassie O'Brien





Space Utilization & Efficiency

by Ron Pierce



Space Use Efficiency (SUE)



- Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB) makes funding decisions
 - Capital project approval
 - Higher Education Assistance Funding (HEAF)
 - Inter-university comparison prioritizes \$\$ distribution



Bottomline...



Definitions

- Classroom: A room or space used for regularly scheduled instruction classes and that is **not** tied to a specific subject or discipline...
- Laboratory: A room or space used for regularly scheduled instruction classes and that **is** tied to a specific subject or discipline... due to <u>special purpose equipment</u>, <u>space configuration</u>, and for a <u>specific learning outcome</u>.
- Capacity: # of students that fit into the space, either by seat count or class size. (Fire/Life Safety vs Optimal Learning Environment)



		Classroom	Lab	Combined
	Max	100	100	200
_	"Pass"	75	75	150
	MSdw2018	20	45	90
	Lowest	25	25	50



Space Use Efficiency (SUE)



SUE Score Components

Demand: Total credit hrs scheduled during the week

Classroom > 38 hrs/wk

Laboratory > 30 hrs/wk

Percent Fill: # Students/Room Capacity:

Classroom > 55%

Laboratory <u>></u> 65%

SUE Score Analytics

2018 Classroom Demand

 $\frac{2009.8 hrs}{61 Classrooms} = 32.9 hrs per classroom$

- Target = 38

Instead...

 $\frac{2009.8 \text{ hrs}}{52 \text{ Classrooms}} = 38.7 \text{ hrs per classroom}$



SUE Score Analytics

2018 Laboratory Demand

 $\frac{1126.4 \text{ hrs}}{49 \text{ labs}} = 23 \text{ hrs per lab}$

Target = 30

Instead...

 $\frac{1126.4 \text{ hrs}}{37 \text{ labs}} = 30.4 \text{ hrs per lab}$



SUE Score Analytics





Space Planning

- SUE Score Goals
 - Classrooms 38 hrs / 55%
 - Laboratories 30 hrs / 65%
- All space belongs to MSU and the State of Texas
- Coordinate & communicate room modifications
 - Capacity (removing/adding desks)
 - Eliminating classrooms and labs from inventory
 - Altered use
- Strategize scheduling *before* submitting to registrar





Questions?

Account Managers Group





Upcoming Dates

- October Next meeting
- November 15th Shred Day



Questions or Suggestions??